

	In-home Care	Assisted Living	Nursing Homes
Personalized Care	• One-on-one attention tailored to individual needs	<ul> <li>Offers personal care, but typically shares caregivers among residents</li> </ul>	Offers extensive medical care, but individualized attention is limited
Comfort & Familiarity	<ul> <li>Allows seniors to remain in familiar surroundings</li> <li>Benefits emotional well-being</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Residents live in communal settings,</li> <li>Can be challenging despite efforts to create a home-like atmosphere</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Shared rooms in a clinical setting</li> <li>Transition can be emotionally challenging</li> </ul>
Family Involvement	<ul> <li>Families can         actively participate         in care and form         relationships with         caregivers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Family involvement is encouraged but may be limited by schedules</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Visits are allowed, but day-to-day involvement is generally restricted</li> </ul>
Cost	<ul> <li>Based on the level of care needed</li> <li>Can be more affordable than assisted living or nursing homes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Typically less         expensive than         nursing homes, but         can add up with         extra services</li> </ul>	• Generally the <b>most</b> costly due to intensive medical care
Flexibility	<ul> <li>Offers the highest flexibility</li> <li>Care is adjusted as needs change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Some flexibility         exists, but residents         must generally         adhere to facility         routines</li> </ul>	• Least flexible, with structured care designed for a range of medical needs